[XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1249.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1769.

From the Frontiers of POLAND *and* HUNGARY, *May* 10.

DURING the laſt Month no leſs than Thirteen Battles have been fought between the Confederates and the Ruſſians; Five of which ended to the Advantage of the Rebels, and Six in Favour of the Ruſſians; in the other Two, the Succeſs on both Sides was pretty equal. Five Bodies of Confederates are encamped upon theſe Frontiers, Dzierzanowſki, and Prince Lubomirſki, who have all publicly declared, that they will adhere to the Terms of the Confederacy of Bar.

LEGHORN, *May* 16. There have been ſeveral Actions in Corſica almoſt at the ſame Time. The Relations vary; but the following, we are told, may be depended on as the Subſtance of what has happened:

The Corſicans have taken 60 loaded Mules, and entirely defeated a Detachment of 200 French who eſcorted them.

The Count de Vaux having advanced with the greateſt Part of his Army by Roſtino, there poſſeſſed himſelf of ſome Heights, from whence he played his Artillery. On this General Paoli making a Feint of retiring, the French came down with great Impetuoſity, which brought on a moſt furious Engagement, the Iſſue of which was not at all favourable to the French. General Paoli had even cut off their Communication with Baſtia and San Fiorenzo, that they were in Danger of being forced to ſurrender. It is added, that in this diſagreeable Situation, the Count de Vaux, had diſpatched a Felucca to Baſtia, to demand Succour.

The French, who were poſted at Ajaccio, having marched out from thence, advanced as far as Mezzana. But their Enterpriſe according to the Accounts, has turned out very unſucceſsfully, they having been beaten and obliged to re-enter into Ajaccio.

Thoſe at Calvia, who purſuant to the Plan of Operations, had ſet themſelves in Motion on the ſame Day, had met with the like Fate.

HAGUE, (*in* Holland) *May* 28. On the 20th Inſtant, the Baron de Muſſin Pouſchkin, Envoy Extraordinary from the Empreſs of Ruſſia, received a Courier with the following Diſpatches, which he immediately communicated to the Preſident of the Aſſembly of the States General.

"The Ruſſian Army, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, has defeated, near Choczim, a Body of 30 or 40,000 Turks, and taken a great Number of Priſoners. The Turks, beſides many Thouſands of killed and wounded, have loſt all their Baggage and Artillery, their Military Cheſt valued at 50,000 Golden Crowns, and 70 Camels loaded with Proviſions and valuable Effects. As the Turks have burnt the Town of Choczim, and deſtroyed all the neighbouring Country, Prince Gallitzin, notwithſtanding this Advantage, was obliged to repaſs the Nieſter, in order to be near his Magazines; which he has, nevertheleſs, brought forward. A more circumſtantial Detail of this Affair will ſoon be publiſhed."

PARIS, *May* 29. Since the Count de Vaux has ordered Ships to cruize round the Iſland, the Captain of a Genoeſe Felucca, has taken a Neapolitan Veſſel from Leghorn, laden with Shot, Cannon Balls, &c. a ſmall Cheſt was alſo found, containing Three Parcels and Two Bags filled with Gold, conſigned to General Paoli.

LONDON,

May 29. Friday Col. Scott arrived at his Houſe in Pall-Mall, from his Regiment at New-York, after having made a Tour through all the Provinces in North-America.

A certain great Perſonage, it is ſaid, upon reading over a late Petition, told thoſe that were with him, who were ſmiling at it, "That it required more mature Conſideration than they were aware of."

May 31. It is ſaid the Engliſh at Bengal have been groſsly deceived by a Number of French Deſerters, which came over to them laſt Year from the Iſlands of Mauritius and Madagaſcar, under Connivance of the French Commander in Chief, and that theſe Deſerters have only been employed by the French as Spies upon the Engliſh Armaments in Aſia.

To counter operate this bad News, it was Yeſterday Morning confidently reported, that the Engliſh Miniſtry have conſented to ſend over Five Regiments of Foot to Bengal immediately, and that this Military Force is to be ſupported with Six Ships of the Line; otherwiſe the Eaſt India Company will not be in a Situation of making good their annual Payment of 400,000 l. And it is further talked, 'that a Commander in Chief, with a Plenipotentiary, will be appointed at the Head of this Expedition.

We are informed, that an Expreſs arrived on Saturday Night laſt to the Ruſſian Ambaſſador, with Advice, that the Ruſſians had gained a great Victory over the Turks near the Banks of the Black Sea; the Turks ſet Fire to a fortified Town in all the Four Quarters, which facilitated their Retreat. It is ſaid they retired towards Conſtantinople, with great Loſs.

The celebrated Hyder Ally, who has been ſo formidable to the Engliſh Troops at Madraſs, was, ſome Years ago, a Serjeant of Seapoys in the Eaſt India Company's Service, and ſhewed at that Time the ſtrongeſt Marks of poſſeſſing great Courage, and an uncommon Capacity.

It is ſaid that a certain Northern Baronet, ſince the melancholy Accounts from India, has been loſing at the Rate of Ten Thouſand Pounds per Day by the ſudden Fall of Stocks.

To the KING's *moſt Excellent* MAJESTY.

The humble PETITION of the FREEHOLDERS of the County of MIDDLESEX.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Freeholders of the County of Middleſex, beg Leave, with all affectionate Submiſſion and Humility, to throw ourſelves at your Royal Feet, and humbly to implore your paternal Attention to thoſe Grievances, of which this Country and the whole Nation complain, and thoſe fearful Apprehenſions with which the whole Britiſh Empire is moſt juſtly alarmed.

With great Grief and Sorrow we have long beheld the Endeavours of certain evil-minded Perſons, who attempt to infuſe into your Royal Mind, Notions and Opinions of the moſt dangerous and pernicious Tendency, and who promote and counſel ſuch Meaſures as cannot fail to deſtroy that Harmony and Confidence, which ſhould ever ſubſiſt between a juſt and virtuous Prince, and a free and loyal People.

For this diſaffected Purpoſe, they have introduced into every Part of the Adminiſtration of our happy, legal Conſtitution, a certain unlimited and indefinite diſcretionary Power; to prevent which is the ſole Aim of all our Laws, and was the ſole Cauſe of all thoſe Diſturbances and Revolutions, which formerly diſtracted this unhappy Country; for our Anceſtors, by their own fatal Experience, well knew, that, in a State where Diſcretion begins, Law, Liberty, and Safety end. Under the Pretence of this Diſcretion, or, as it was formerly, and has been lately called—— Law of State——we have ſeen

Engliſh Subjects, and even a Member of the Britiſh Legiſlature, arreſted by Virtue of a General Warrant, iſſued by a Secretary of State, contrary to the Law of the Land——

Their Houſes rifled and plundered, their Papers ſeized, and uſed as Evidence upon Trial——

Their Bodies committed to cloſe Impriſonment——

The *Habeas Corpus* eluded——

Trial by Jury diſcountenanced, and the firſt Law-Officer of the Crown publicly inſinuating, that Juries are not to be truſted——

Printers puniſhed by the Miniſtry in the Supreme Court, without a Trial by their Equals, without any Trial at all——

The Remedy of the Law for falſe Impriſonment bartered and defeated——

The Plaintiff and his Attorney, for their Appeal to the Law of the Land, puniſhed by Expences and Impriſonment, and made, by forced Engagements, to deſiſt from their legal Claim——

A Writing determined to be a Libel by a Court, where it was not cognizable in the firſt Inſtance, contrary to Law, becauſe an Appeal is thereby cut off, and inferior Courts and Juries influenced by ſuch Predetermination——

A Perſon condemned in the ſaid Court as the Author of the ſuppoſed Libel unheard, without Defence of Trial——

Unjuſt Treatment of Petitions, by ſelecting only ſuch Parts as might be wreſted to criminate the Petitioner, and refuſing to hear thoſe which might procure his Redreſs——

The Thanks of one Branch of the Legiſlature propoſed by a Miniſter to be given to an acknowledged Offender for his Offence, with the declared Intention of ſcreening him from Law——

Attachments wreſted from their Original Intent of removing Obſtructions to the Proceedings of Law, to puniſh, by Sentence of arbitrary Fine and Impriſonment, without Trial or Appeal, ſuppoſed Offences committed out of Court——

Perpetual Impriſonment of an Engliſhman without Trial, Conviction or Sentence, by the ſame Mode of Attachment, wherein the ſame Perſon is at once Party, Accuſer, Judge, and Jury——

Inſtead of the antient and legal Civil Police, the Military introduced at every Opportunity, unneceſſary and unlawfully patrolling the Streets, to the Alarm and Terror of the Inhabitants——

The Lives of many of your Majeſty's innocent Subjects deſtroyed by Military Execution——

Such Military Execution ſolemnly adjudged to be legal——

Murder abetted, encouraged, and rewarded——

The Civil Magiſtrates rendered contemptible by the Appointment of improper and incapable Perſons——

The Civil Magiſtrates tampered with by Adminiſtration, and neglecting and refuſing to diſcharge their Duty——

Mobs and Rioters hired and raiſed by the Miniſtry, in order to juſtify and recommend their own illegal Proceedings, and to prejudice your Majeſty's Mind by falſe Inſinuations againſt the Loyalty of your Majeſty's Subjects——

The Freedom of Election violated by corrupt and undue Influence, by unpuniſhed Violence and Murder——

The juſt Verdicts of Juries, and the Opinion of the Judges, overruled by falſe Repreſentations to your Majeſty; and the Determinations of the Law ſet aſide, by new, unprecedented, and dangerous Means; thereby leaving the guilty without Reſtraint, and the injured without Redreſs, and the Lives of your Majeſty's Subjects at the Mercy of every Ruffian protected by Adminiſtration——

Obſolete and vexatious Claims of the Crown ſet on Foot for Partial and Election Purpoſes——

Partial Attacks on the Liberty of the Preſs: The moſt daring and pernicious Libels againſt the Conſtitution, and againſt the Liberty of the Subject, being allowed to paſs unnoticed, whilſt the ſlighteſt Libel againſt a Miniſter is puniſhed with the utmoſt Rigour——

Wicked Attempts to encreaſe and eſtabliſh a Standing Army, by endeavouring to veſt in the Crown an unlimited Power over the Militia; which, ſhould they ſucceed, muſt, ſooner or later, ſubvert the Conſtitution, by augmenting the Power of Adminiſtration in Proportion to their Delinquency——

Repeated Endeavours to diminiſh the Importance of Members of Parliament individually, in order to render them more dependent on Adminiſtration collectively. Even Threats have been employed by Miniſters to ſuppreſs the Freedom of Debate; and the Wrath of Parliament denounced againſt Meaſures authorized by the Law of the Land——

Reſolutions of one Branch of the Legiſlature ſet up as the Law of the Land, being a direct Uſurpation of the Rights of the Two other Branches, and therefore a manifeſt Infringement of the Conſtitution——

Public Money ſhamefully ſquandered and unaccounted for, and all Inquiry into the Cauſe of Arrears in the Civil Liſt prevented by the Miniſtry——

Inquiry into a Pay-Maſter's Public Accounts ſtopped in the Exchequer, though the Sums unaccounted for by that Pay-Maſter amount to above Forty Millions Sterling——

Public Loans perverted to private Miniſterial Purpoſes——

Proſtitution of Public Honours and Rewards to Men, who can neither plead Virtue nor Services——

Irreligion and Immorality, ſo eminently diſcountenanced by your Majeſty's Royal Example, encouraged by Adminiſtration both by Example and Precept.

The ſame Diſcretion has been extended, by the ſame evil Counſellors, to your Majeſty's Dominions in America, and has produced to our ſuffering Fellow Subjects in that Part of the World, Grievances and Apprehenſions ſimilar to thoſe of which we complain at home.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

SUCH are the Grievances and Apprehenſions which have long diſcontented and diſturbed the greateſt and beſt Part of your Majeſty's loyal Subjects. Unwilling, however, to interrupt your Royal Repoſe, though ready to lay down our Lives and Fortunes for your Majeſty's Service, and for the Conſtitution as by Law eſtabliſhed, we have waited patiently, expecting a Conſtitutional Remedy by the Means of our own Repreſentatives: But our legal and free Choice having been repeatedly rejected, and the Right of Election now finally taken from us, by the unprecedented Seating of a Candidate who was never choſen by the County, and who, even to become a Candidate, was obliged to vacate his Seat in Parliament, under the Pretence of an inſignificant Place, invited thereto by the prior Declaration of a Miniſter, that whoever oppoſed our Choice, though but with four Votes, ſhould be declared Member for the County: We ſee ourſelves, by this laſt Act, deprived even of the Franchiſes of Engliſhmen, reduced to the moſt abject State of Slavery, and left without Hopes or Means of Redreſs, but from your Majeſty or God.

Deign then, Moſt Gracious Sovereign, to liſten to the Prayer of the moſt faithful of your Majeſty's Subjects; and to baniſh from your Royal Favour, Truſt and Confidence for ever, thoſe evil and pernicious Counſellors, who have endeavoured to alienate the Affection of your Majeſty's moſt ſincere and dutiful Subjects, and whoſe Suggeſtions tend to deprive your People of their deareſt and moſt eſſential Rights; and who have traiterouſly dared to depart from the Spirit and Letter of thoſe which have ſecured the Crown of theſe Realms to the Houſe of Brunſwick, in which we make our moſt earneſt Prayers to God, that it may continue untarniſhed to the lateſt Poſterity.

(Copy) *Signed by* 1565 *Freeholders.*

June 1. A Letter from Leghorn, which arrived by the laſt Mail, contains the following extraordinary Piece of Intelligence: "By an Account from the Chevalier de Saintgrieu, who attacked and carried the Paſs of Borgo; we are aſſured, that ſeveral Women were found in Arms at that Place, and that great Numbers of them, inſpired with the Flame of Liberty, had inſiſted upon following the main Body of Paoli's Troops, in order to take Care of the ſick and wounded, provide Proviſions and Forage for the Army, and do other Offices to leſſen the Fatigue of the Men."

Letters by Yeſterday's Flanders Mail bring Advice, that Paoli has had a general Action with the French in Corſica, and has obtained a compleat Victory over them, and made 5000 Priſoners, who it is thought will be put to the Sword, as the French put to the Sword the Inhabitants of the Villages they paſſed through.

The French have already loſt, by Sickneſs and the Sword, above 7000 Men, including Priſoners; ſince their firſt Operations againſt the gallant Paoli.

June 2. A Plan is now under Conſideration for making the Iſland of Bermuda a free Port, in Conſe-

quence of some Petitions laid before the Lords of Trade, for the better Promotion of Trade and Commerce.

It is said a large Body of Regular Troops will be embarked for the East-Indies, as soon as possible.

By authentic Advices received from Paris this Day, we are assured, that on the 29th Ult. a Courier extraordinary had arrived there from Rome, with the News that Cardinal Ganganelli had been proclaimed Pope in that City on the 19th of May, and had taken the Name of Clement XIV. He was born at St. Arch-Angel, in the Diocese of Rimini, the 31st of October, 1705, and was advanced to the Rank of Cardinal, the 24th of September, 1759.

June 3. The last Packet from North-America, brought a Letter of Thanks from the Town of Boston to Col. Barre, for his Conduct in Parliament, and also enclosed him a Remonstrance to his Majesty, setting forth the Grievances they labour under, and particularly mentioning the Conduct of Governor ——; also the Contents of Six intercepted Letters, which discovered a Project of the most dangerous Nature.—The above Remonstrance, we hear, was presented Yesterday.

Eight Articles of Impeachment are expected to be exhibited at the Meeting of the P——t, against Two great Men; which it is thought, will be followed by many more.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, May, 12.

"This Day a Vessel arrived from Corsica. The French, immediately after having received their Reinforcements, marched through the Flat Country, where they found all the Towns and Villages abandoned by the Inhabitants; this encouraging them to march farther, without taking the necessary Precautions, they found their whole Army, consisting of 5000 Men, suddenly surrounded by Paoli and his Two Brothers, who immediately attacked and totally routed them, killing great Numbers upon the Spot, and the Fugitives were afterwards attacked by those who had abandoned their Villages, so that very few of them escaped."

We hear that a Gentleman arrived at St. James's from Corsica on Thursday Night, who brought a Confirmation of the Defeat of a Body of French in that Island by the Corsicans.

June 7. On Monday the Antelope Man of War, Commodore Byron, sailed from Portsmouth for Newfoundland; the Commodore has carried over several valuable Presents for the Indian Chiefs in the Neighbourhood of St. John's, and in the Country of Labrador, to attach them more firmly to the British Interest.

They write from the Havannah, that on the 15th of February last was launched, at that Port, a new Man of War called the S. Real, pierced for 112 Guns: And that they had another nearly finished upon the Stocks, to carry 94 Guns.

It is rumoured that the last American Dispatches brought over some secret Intelligence, respecting the apparent Designs of a certain Power, to disturb the Tranquillity of the British Provinces on that Continent.

It is reported that a certain Petition gave much Offence, and that at a respectable Meeting, it was moved to apprehend some of the principal Subscribers; the Motion was, however, over-ruled, and the Petition given into the Hands of a great Lawyer, who is to consider what is best to be done with Regard to it, and report his Opinion at a future Meeting. It is generally imagined it will be laid before an august Assembly.

The following is a Translation of the Letter which Prince Gallitzin, Commander in Chief of the Russian Army, wrote to the Empress of Russia, to notify the Victory which he has gained over the Turks:

"*Most Gracious Sovereign,*

"I have the Honour to inform your Imperial Majesty, by this Letter, wrote in great haste, of a signal Victory gained this Day over the Enemy, through the Assistance of the most High, and the good Fortune attending the Arms of your Imperial Majesty. The Turkish Army, commanded by Karaman Pacha, notwithstanding his advantageous Situation under the Fortress of Choczim, has been attacked, defeated and dispersed, Part being driven into the Town, and the rest flying off with the utmost Precipitation. The whole Enemy's Camp is taken. As for the rest, I shall not fail to send your Imperial Majesty an exact Detail of this glorious Day.

I am, with the most profound Respect,
Camp of Choczim — *Your Imperial Majesty's*
19 April, 1769, *O. S.* — *Most devoted Subject,*
Prince ALEX. GALLITZIN."

May 25. Yesterday the Petition of the Freeholders of Middlesex, which has been so long preparing, was presented to his Majesty at St. James's, and most graciously received; to avoid Tumults no more than 7 Gentlemen went with it.

Lord Willoughby was the Nobleman who introduced Mr. Serjeant Glynn and the rest of the Gentlemen, who delivered the Middlesex Petition to his Majesty, who was graciously pleased to accept it, and received the Patriotic Petitioners in a Manner that does the highest Honour to the good Sense of our August Sovereign, and evinces, in the cleerest Manner, that George, the well-beloved, is sincerely disposed to reign in the Hearts of all his Subjects.

We are assured that no Answer was given to the above Petition, but that in a few Days the Freeholders will wait on his Majesty again for his Answer.

June 6. It is said the Petition of the Freeholders of Middlesex, with the Names annexed, filled no less than Sixteen Skins of Parchment, which altogether made a Roll of an enormous Size.

Count Chatalet, the French Ambassador, is preparing to return to Paris one Day next Week, which Circumstance, when put together with Lord Harcourt's sudden and unexpected Return from the Court of Versailles, occasions a Variety of Conjectures.

Letters by Friday's French Mail mention Lord Bute's being on his Journey for England, and that he proposed to be in Town as Yesterday.

The Accounts brought by this Days Mail still vary with Regard to the late Action between the French and the Corsicans, which is related nearly in the same Manner as before, except that a Letter from Casinca in Corsica adds, "The Action continued with great Fury almost the whole Day, but at Length the French were obliged to Yield, after having lost a great Number of Men. The Corsicans made about 700 Prisoners; but they also had a Number killed."

This Morning several Gentlemen, Agents for the Colonies, attended the Levee of the Earl of Rochfort, on Affairs of Moment relative to North-America.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 26.

"According to our Letters from the East-Indies, Pondicherry is re-establishing with surprizing Celerity. It appears certain, that the Affairs of the English have changed their Face in India. The Nabob, their intrepid Enemy, has taken from them, as well by Craft as Force, several important Posts on the Coast of Coromandel; and if he makes a proper Use of his Victory, may draw therefrom the greatest Advantages."

Gloucester, June 5. On Saturday Morning a Methodist Preacher, who had disturbed the Peace of this City, with his enthusiastic Rant, was flogged through the Streets, by order of the Mayor.

ANNAPOLIS, *August* 17.

The last Letters from LONDON bring Advice of the Death of Mr. CAPEL HANBURY, Merchant.—In him, it may be truely said, the Colonies have lost a sincere Friend. The Business is carried on by OSGOOD HANBURY, Esq; the surviving Partner.

TO THE HONOURABLE

HORATIO SHARPE, ESQUIRE,

Late Governor of MARYLAND.

The ADDRESS of the JUSTICES of TALBOT County,

SIR,

THE Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary of this Province, having been pleased to appoint his Excellency ROBERT EDEN, Esq; a near Relation of his Lordship's, to succeed you in this Government; Permit us, Sir, on taking Leave of you, as our Governor, gratefully to acknowledge the Mildness and Equity of your Administration, and the Benefits and Happiness which have flowed from it to the People of this Province.

Ever since you have presided over us, we have observed, with Pleasure, your steady Care to have the Laws duly executed, and Justice impartially administered, and that a Desire to promote the Good of this Province, hath been the ruling Motive of all your Actions: Such Motives, and such Actions, worthy of those that are appointed to rule, must ever render your Memory dear to a grateful People.

Your public Virtues impressed us with Esteem and Reverence for the *Magistrate*, whilst your social Virtues inspired us with the warmest Affection for the *Man*, and must now give you the Heart-felt Pleasure of being followed into your Retirement by the Prayers and Blessings of a People you made happy, but Virtue like your's, will not, we hope, be suffered to remain long sequestered from the World.

In answer to which, his Honour was pleased to write the following polite Letter to Rizdon Bozman, *Esq; Chief Justice of their Court.*

ANNAPOLIS, the 24th of *June*, 1769.

SIR,

"THE very polite and affectionate Address I have received from the Justices of *Talbot* County, since the Arrival of the Worthy Gentleman appointed to succeed me in the Government of this Province, demands my grateful Acknowledgments, which, Sir, I desire the Favour of you to present to them.——As it was the Height of my Ambition to discharge the Trust reposed in me, by the Lord Proprietary, to the Satisfaction of his Lordship and the Good People over whom I have had the Honour to preside; the Assurances which have been given me that my Endeavours were not unsuccessful make me quite happy.——In whatever State I may pass the Remainder of my Life, my sincere Wishes for the Prosperity of *Maryland*, will never cease, and nothing can afford me greater Satisfaction, than to know it flourishes more under the Administration of my Successor, than it did during mine, or in any former Period."

TO HIS EXCELLENCY

ROBERT EDEN, ESQUIRE,

Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of MARYLAND.

The humble ADDRESS of the JUSTICES of TALBOT County.

May it please your Excellency,

AMIDST our Concern at the taking Leave of a Governor, whose Administration made us very happy, Permit us, Sir, to felicitate ourselves on your being appointed to the Government of this Province, and to congratulate you and your Lady on your safe Arrival amongst us; a Lady whose noble Ancestors planted this Colony, and under whose auspicious Government, and that of her Brother, his present Lordship, it has grown to the flourishing State in which you find it.

Your Excellency's near Alliance to that noble Family, we persuade ourselves, will interest you, in a particular Manner, in the Good of this Province; and that *Maryland* will find in Governor EDEN a real Friend: That we shall be happy under your Administration, and that when you shall desire to exchange the Cares of Government, for the Sweets of Retirement, you will be attended in your Retreat, like the Gentleman you have succeeded, with the most grateful of all Pleasures; a Consciousness that you have done your Duty, accompanied with the sincerest Acknowledgments of every wise and worthy Man amongst us.

To which his EXCELLENCY *was pleased to return the following polite* ANSWER.

To the Worshipful JUSTICES of TALBOT County,

GENTLEMEN,

GIVE me Leave to thank you for your Address, and assure you, I shall endeavour by my Conduct to forward the fulfilling your kind Wishes.

Prompted by my Inclination as well as the Emulation inherent in every Soldier's Breast; I shall venture upon the arduous Task of endeavouring to equal my Predecessor in the Execution of the Trust reposed in me; If his Abilities and Experience exceeded mine, you may believe me, when I assure you, I shall not fall short of him in my Endeavours to promote the Happiness of this Province on every Occasion.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,
GOLDSMITH *and* JEWELLER *in* West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. *Knapp* with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Businesses hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Businesses in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.

*** He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

COLONEL EDWARD SPRIGG, deceased, by his Will in Writing, duly proved, devised, amongst other Things, Part of a Tract of Land, called, *Addition to Piles's Delight*, to be sold for the Payment of Debts, and the Advancement of his Wife and younger Children——The Sale not having been made according to the Time therein limited, *Richard Sprigg*, the Heir at Law, claims the said Land, and hath published the Sale thereof, on the 11th Day of *November* next.——I hereby caution all Persons that may incline to purchase, against buying of said *Richard Sprigg*, as I am well satisfied there will be an Application to the Chancery-Court, or Assembly, to remedy said Defect, and give the Executrix, with whom I have since intermarried, and myself further Time to sell.

(w3) THOMAS PINDELL.

August 11, 1769.

To be SOLD, *by the Subscriber, on the Sixteenth Day of* October *next,*

THE noted *Onion*'s Iron-Works, pleasantly situated on the Little Falls of *Gunpowder* River, in *Baltimore* County, and the Province of *Maryland*, *viz.* Two large Forges, with Four Fires and Two Hammers; a Furnace in good Repair, with an excellent Pair of Wooden Bellows, new Water Wheel, and a good Stack; a Grist-Mill newly repaired, with new Wheels and running Geers; a Saw-Mill in good Repair, Seven Dwelling Houses, with Smiths and Carpenters Shops, Stables, Coal Houses, and many other Houses, such as, Meat, Smoke, and Chair Houses: All the above in Circumference of Five Hundred Yards, the Stream is good and lasting, with good Dams and well gravelled, an excellent Fall and Head Water to the Wheels. The above is healthy and pleasantly situated, at the Head of a navigable Water, where the Tide Ebbs and Flows Three or Four Feet, within a few Perches of the Furnace Door, which is very commodious, on Account that they may load Boats and Scows at the Work's Doors, and have no Land Carriage. *Joppa* is but One Mile from the said Works, where large Craft receives any Kind of Freight, to any Port at a very reasonable Rate. There is a beautiful Prospect from the Works of *Joppa*, and nothing can pass the River but it may be perceived; adjoining to the said Works are Nine Thousand Acres of Land, well watered and excellent Timber thereon: The Land is level and free from Stones, which makes it more agreeable to Coal, and hauling when coaled. There are on the said Land many dwelling, and Ore in great Plenty, several Banks are now open, and many more to open, all of which are not above One Mile from the Works, and good Roads to haul it when rais'd, a good Orchard, and about Three Hundred Acres of clear Land, most of which with a little Expence will make good Meadow, and is all under good Fence. The Country round the Premises is, rich and fertile, and plenty of Produce may be had at reasonable Rates, with many other Accommodations too tedious to mention, which make it the most valuable Works on the Continent. Any Gentleman inclining to purchase before the Day of Sale, may take a View of the said Works. Credit will be given, for Part of the Purchase Money, on giving Security if required, and paying Interest.

N. B. If the said Works should not be Sold, at or before the Day of Sale, they will be rented for a Term of Years, by

(w6) ZACHEUS ONION.

Alexandria, Virginia, August 8, 1769.

For SALE, *on Monday the 18th Day of* September *next on the Premises,*

ONE Lot of Land, containing Half an Acre, lying in the said Town, near the River, whereon stands a Dwelling-House, 36 Feet long, and 24 wide, neatly finished, and has Two Fire Places, with a large dry Cellar. Also a genteel Lodging-Room, with a Fire Place adjoining, and a Garden.——The whole enclosed with Pales.——Time will be allowed for the greatest Part of the Money on giving Bond, and Security, to SARAH JOHNSTON.

I NOW thank all my Customers for all past Favours, and as I have declined public Business, shall still be more thankful for an immediate Settlement of their Accounts, which I hope every Person will comply with, and not put me to Trouble or themselves to Expence, and they will much oblige

Their most humble Servant.

(3w) JOSHUA GRIFFITH.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Hobb's-Hole* in *Virginia*, a Mulatto Man, named JOE, he is of a middle Size, and a genteel active Fellow, has been always kept as a Gentleman's waiting Man, his Hair comb'd very nicely, can write a tolerable good Hand, and as he was seen coming through *Maryland* to *Annapolis*, showed a Pass, which I suppose he wrote himself: He stole and rode away, a brown blooded Mare, branded RWC in a Piece, has a large Bundle of Cloaths and other Things with him; he told several Persons on the Road, that he belonged to Colonel *Byrd*, and was going to *Philadelphia* on Business, he pass'd the Ferry at *South-River*, on Thursday the Tenth of *August*, in his Way to *Annapolis:* Had on, a Suit of light Cloaths, trimed with Livery Lace, his Hat had a Silver Button and Loop to it, and I think a Silver Band, but probably he will change his Dress at Times, as he had many other Cloaths with him: Particularly, a blue over Coat, brown Fustian Coat and Breeches, Leather Breeches, a Lead colour'd Cloth Coat and Vest, with Metal Buttons, Silver lac'd Hat, several Summer Vests, white Shirts and Stockings, of which some are Silk. The Mare he rode, trots very light, about Eight Years old, Thirteen Hands and an Half high.—It's very probable he will endeavour to get on board some Vessel, to make his escape to *Britain*, as he has declared at some Places on the Road, he was a Freeman and intended for *London*, therefore all Masters of Vessels are defired to take Notice of this Advertisement, and have the said Runaway secured. I will pay Five Pounds Reward, for taking up, and securing the Slave and Mare, upon having Notice thereof by the Post; or if any Person will bring them to me, he shall be paid the Reward, with reasonable Satisfaction for their Trouble and Expences, paid by

(tf) WILLIAM ROANE.

August 7, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscribers, living in *Baltimore* County, in *Maryland*, on Monday the 31st of *July* last, a Servant Man, named THOMAS MOORE, a Tailor by Trade, about 27 Years of Age, a young Look, born in *Coventry* in *Great-Britain*, speaks plain *English*, but something louder than common in his ordinary Discourse; he is slim made, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high—belonged to some Regiment of Soldiers in 1766, and came into this Country from *Dublin*, in the Year 1767, for some Misdemeanor whilst in the Army—He has been severely whipt, which appears on his Back now in Scars, is a good Workman at his Trade, and is very fond of Dress, has good Cloaths with him, and don't appear any way like a Servant; he wears a Snuff colour'd Cloth Coat, lined with white Tammy or Shalloon, with Pinchback Buttons, Linen or Nankeen Jackets, and white Russia Drab or Nankeen Breeches, with Osnabrig and strip'd Trousers, white and Check Shirts, Castor Hat, and may have many other Cloaths, whereby he may Change his Dress, being much given to show in that Way, wears his Hair, and generally ties it behind with a Ribbon; he walks straight and well, and is much given to strong Drink. It's thought he will direct his Course to the Northward, as he pretended since in this Country, when free, he would go to a Brother in *New-York* Government.

Whoever takes up said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscribers, or confines him in any Jail, that he may be had again, shall receive Ten Pounds Reward, and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by

AQUILA HALL, and AMOS GARRETT.

N. B. The said Servant took several Cloaths with him, which he had not finished, in particular, one Piece of Nankeen. He had Money with him, and probably may sell the unfinished Cloaths to raise more. (4w)

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL SCHOONER, about Three Years old, well fitted, will carry 550 Bushels of Wheat, and sails as well as most in the Bay:——She was sheath'd at about One Year old, for no other Reason than to prevent the Worm from eating her, of which she is now free, and sold for no Fault but being too small for the Use she is wanted for. Any Person wanting to buy such a Vessel, may know the Terms by applying to *John Page*, living on *Swan-Creek*, in *Kent* County, near *Rock-Hall*, where the Vessel may be seen.

August 1, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *Port-Tobacco* in *Charles* County, an indented Servant Man, named ALEXANDER SCOTT, born in *Scotland*, he is remarkable little, a well made Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, has a round Face, fair Complexion, grey Eyes, light brown Hair, cut short and curls, and he is pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on, when he went away, a redish mixture Superfine Broad-Cloth Coat, the Button-Holes and Edges on each Side are bound with Worsted Binding much faded, a striped flower'd Cotton Waistcoat, has a Straw colour'd Ground, with purple, red and black small running Flowers, white Shirt, yellow and white Silk Handkerchief round his Neck, brown Linen Breeches, white Thread Stockings, and *English* Shoes tied with Strings. It is imagined that the said Servant has made for *Baltimore* or *Pennsylvania*, he served his Time some Years ago, as an indented Servant with Mr. *Grub* a Farmer, who keeps a Merchant-Mill in *Pennsylvania*, which he says lives near the Lines of *Maryland*, and not far from *Baltimore*.

Whoever takes up said Servant, and brings him home, shall receive Five Pounds (including what the Law allows) paid by

JOSEPH ADERTON.

N. B. The said Servant is a good Farmer.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Giles Vermillion*, living in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a bay Mare about 12 Hands high, 4 or 5 Years old, branded with the Bottom of a Stirrup, has a Star in her Forehead, has a small Snip on her Nose, and both paces, trots and gallops.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE at ANNAPOLIS, the 8th Day of August 1769.

A. RICHARD ARSEOTT, Rev. Thomas Alkin, Queen-Anne's County. Thomas Armsworth, St. Mary's County.

B. George Bolton, John Bullen, John Burton, Rev Thomas Brown, Annapolis. Joseph Bewley, Talbot County. William Bayard, St. Mary's County.

C. Charles Carrol, Mr. Caton, Saddler, William Currie, John Carty, Annapolis. Daniel Chamier, Wye-River. Charles Crookshanks, John Crauford, jun. Queen's-Town. Capt. John Crauford, Oxford. Zacharis Campbell, Vienna. Mrs. Margaret Castolo, New-Town. Capt. Cock, Com. of the Amity's Advice. Archibald Clark, Newport. Duncane Campbell. George Cann. William Cobb. Philemon Loyd Chew, Esq;

D. John Dennis, Thomas Dickey, Annapolis. Caleb Dorsey, Elk-Ridge. Daniel Dickinson, Talbot County.

F. Alexander Ferguson, London-Town.

G. Ann Cath. Green, William Green, Annapolis. Robert Gilmour, John Goldsborough, Dorchester County. John Glassal, Oxford. Fielder Gaunt, Frederick County. Samuel Gees.

H. Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Somerseat County. Mr. Hall, South-River. Andrew Hardy, Frederick County. Rev. Philip Hughes, Parish Coventry. Robert Harrison, Dorset County. James Henry, Eastern-Shore. Miss Hutching, Kent-Island.

J. Thomas Johnson, Charles James, John Jacob, Annnapolis.

L. Robert Loyd, Wye-River. William Lightfoot, Nanticoke-River. Thomas Loyd, Cecil County.

M. Margaret Moore, Berriah Maybury, Samuel Middleton, Will. Augustus Miles, Archibald M'Donald, James Maw, Richard M'Cubbins, William M'Connel, Annapolis. Solomon Miller, Fredericks County. David Mone, Charles County. Thomas Muse, Cambridge. Patrick M'Caull, Oxford. John Mackirdy. Charles Mahier.

N. Charles Neale.

O. Cooper Oram, Anne-Arundel County.

P. Jonathan Pinkney, William Pontey, Annapolis. Richard Pincomlee, New-Town.

R. William Reynolds, James Reynolds, Annapolis. Rev. Robert Reade, Kent County. Mrs. Ann Reynalds, Frederick County.

S. John Swan, Thomas Smith, Annapolis. Peter Smith, Charles County. Benson Stainton, Choptank.

T. Andrew Thomson, Somerset County. Miss Agnes Thomson, Chester-Town. John Turnbull, Sonth-Rever.

V. Frederick Victor, Annapolis.

W. William Whetcroft, Annapolis. George Washinton.

Rock-Hall, July 10, 1769.

THE Subscriber begs Leave to inform the Public, that he keeps the Ferry, with Two good deck'd Boats and Hands, from *Rock-Hall* to *Annapolis*, and from *Rock-Hall* to *Baltimore-Town*, at the following Rates, *viz.*

From *Rock-Hall* to *Annapolis*,

For a single Man,	£.	0	10	0
A single Man and Horse,		0	12	6
For an open Chair,		0	5	0
For a Chaise with a Top,		0	7	6
For a Four Wheel Carriage,		0	10	0

Mondays and Tuesdays, from *Rock-Hall* to *Annapolis*,

For a single Man,	0	3	9

Horses and Carriages as above.

To *Baltimore-Town*,

A single Man,	0	15	0
If more than One, each,	0	7	6
For Man and Horse,	0	17	6
If more than One, each	0	15	0

And, as he keeps the best Boats, Hands, and good Entertainment for Man and Horse, hopes he shall meet with Encouragement. Those who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on their being faithfully and expeditiously served, by

Their humble Servant,

ABRAM AYRES.

Kent County, *August 6, 1769.*

THE Subscriber hereby informs the Public, that he is now in complete Order for keeping Ferry, from *Rock-Hall-Whitehouse* to *Annapolis*, *Baltimore-Town*, or elsewhere: He has Two of the completest large new deck'd Boats belonging to the Bay for that Business, with good able experienced Hands; and, as he keeps clean Beds, with the best Entertainment, and carries Passengers at cheaper Rates than any other in that Business, he hopes Gentlemen Passengers will be inclined to favour him with their Custom.——Mondays and Tuesdays are his Packet Days from *Rock-Hall* to *Annapolis*, and back to *Rock-Hall*. Subscriptions are taken at the cheapest Rates. Quick Dispatch and civil Usage will be given to all, by

Their humble Servant,

JAMES HODGES.

Upper-Marlborough, July 25, 1769.

THE Subscriber intends to depart for *England*, by the First Ship that sails in *September* next; he therefore prays all Persons who had Dealings with him at the above Place, with Mr. *Edward Boteler*, at *Nottingham*, and with Mr. *Samuel Hepburn*, at *Marlborough*, on Account of Mr. *James Russell*, of *London*, to pay their respective Balances in Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.——He will allow the Market Price for Tobacco in Discharge of any Debts at each Place; and such Persons as cannot pay by *Prince-George's August* Court, will, he hopes, settle their Accounts with him, and give their Bonds, or Notes of Hand, in which the Time allowed for Payment shall be as long as can be reasonably expected. He hopes every Person concerned will see the Propriety of settling their Accounts with him, and ascertaining the respective Balances due to his Employer, before he leaves the Country. Those who do not comply with the above Request, he thinks, will have no Reason to be offended, if their Accounts are put into the Hands of a Lawyer. Those who have Claims against the above Concerns, will of Course bring them in.

(w6) CHRISTOPHER RICHMOND.

To be sold, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 5th Day of October *next, at the House of Mrs.* Church, *in* George Town, *on* Sassafras *River, between the Hours of 12 and 4 in the Afternoon, and to be entered upon the 1st Day of* January *next,*

A VERY valuable Tract of Land, late the Estate and Dwelling Plantation of Mr. *James M'Lachlan*, of *Kent* County, deceased, call'd MOUNT-AIRY, containing about 450 Acres, pleasantly situated on *Sassafras* River, and adjoining to *George-Town*, in *Kent* County aforesaid; whereon are a good Dwelling-House with a Kitchen adjoining, Smoke-House, Stable, Barns, Well, Yard, and a large sloping Garden, paled in. The Land is well timbered and watered, the Soil excellent, and the Title good. This Place is capable of very great Improvements as a Gentleman's Seat, and is most conveniently situated for the Trade of this River, and the adjacent Country. Credit will given for one Third of the Purchase-Money, on the Purchaser's giving his Bond on Interest, with good Security for the same.——To be sold at the same Time and Place, for ready Money, several good Lots, lying in *George-Town* aforesaid, with a large Wharf adjoining to one of them, at the End of which there is 16 or 17 Feet Water. Attendance will be given at the above Time and Place, by *Henry M'Lachlan*, Executor, or his Attorney in Fact.

July 18, 1769.

THE Manufactory of SNUFF and TOBACCO, at *Bladensburgh*, being now carried on at a very great Expence, the Owner thereof takes this Method to inform the Public, that he will use his utmost Endeavours to furnish, both in Wholesale and Retail, all his good Customers, at the accustomed Prices, as well as those who may hereafter chuse to become such: He also acknowledges himself much obliged for their former Favours, and hopes he shall always Merit the Continuance of them.

The Public is desired to remember the Disadvantages he has long laboured under, from the Prejudice that People in general have heretofore had, in Favour of *all* imported Snuff; this, he hopes, is now in some Measure removed, as he has the Satisfaction to assure them, that those who have constantly taken their Snuff from him, since the First Attempt to establish this Manufactory, are, he can truly say, universally pleased. He is at a Loss to know, whether he has any Occasion to mention the Necessity he will shortly be under, of packing his Snuff in Country made Pots, if he cannot get Bottles, having debarred himself the Importation of Bottles, by Subscribing among the Sons of Liberty, to which Subscription he is determined strictly to adhere, and therefore sincerely wishes for an Acquiescence in this Proposal, being himself most avowedly a Friend to *America*.

He is convinced, that many Gentlemen, and others, who live remote from this Manufactory, would favour him with their Custom, if the Difficulty of Conveyance was no Hindrance; to remove which, as much as possible, he entreats them to send, or give their Orders to some Merchant in the next adjacent Town, or other convenient Landing, who, he hopes, will be thereby encouraged to become a Wholesale Customer.

The Gentlemen Merchants, who will be so kind as to receive Orders for him, are requested to procure him what empty Snuff Bottles they can, *Kippen's* Size especially, and to convey them to him as soon as possible. The Price at *Bladensburgh* is Four Shillings *per* Dozen.

He has for Sale, Two well improved LOTS in *George-Town*, now rented for Twenty-five Pounds *per* Annum, a Tract of Land, about One Mile and an Half from *Bladensburgh*, called *Copenhagen*, containing 102½ Acres; about Sixty of which are cleared, and fit for a Farm: The Title indisputable. He has also for Sale, a healthy strong Negro Man.

(4w) RICHARD THOMPSON.

Upper-Marlborough, July 20, 1769.

ALL Perſons indebted to Mr. *Thomas Philpot*. for Dealings with Mr. *Charles Digges*, deceaſed, at his *Upper-Marlborough* Store, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment to the Subſcriber, who has had the ſole Management of the Buſineſs relative to that Store, ſince Mr. *Digges*'s Death. And as he intends to *England* early next Fall, he hopes that thoſe who may not have it in their Power to diſcharge the Claims againſt them, by that Time, will at leaſt come and give Bond, for what may appear due to Mr. *Philpot* upon a Settlement.

FRANK LEEKE.

Annapolis, Auguſt 2, 1769.

THERE are in the Subſcriber's Warehouſe, a Trunk, Box, and a Bundle of Bed-Cloaths, which are directed for Mr. *John Lowrie*, to the Care of Mr. *Dalton, Belhaven*. They came from *England*, in Captain *William Hambleton*'s Ship, in 1767. The Owner may have them, on paying Charges, by applying to

SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

July 24, 1769.

RAN away laſt Night, from the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, *viz.* JOHN HILL an *Engliſhman*, about Thirty, or Thirty-five, Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own ſhort black Hair; he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Had on, when he went away, an Oſnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trouſers, old Cotton Jacket, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a *Gypſy*, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloath'd in the ſame Manner as *Hill*.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, ſhall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(tf) THO^{s}. SAM^{l}. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

July 24, 1769.

To be ſold by the Subſcriber, at PUBLIC SALE, *to the higheſt Bidder, on the* 11*th Day of* November *next*,

ABOUT 800 Acres of valuable Land lying in *Frederick* County, being Part of a Tract of Land, call'd *The Addition to Piles's Delight*, adjoining to Mr. *Joſeph Chapline*'s Plantation, and willed by Col. *Edward Sprigg*, deceaſed, to be ſold by his Executrix, before a certain Day mentioned in the ſaid Will, wherein ſince ſhe failed; and, as that Authority was perſonal to the Executrix, not delegatory, or tranſmutable to any other Perſon, the Lands deſcended to the Heir at Law of the Teſtator, in whom reſts the legal Title, and all other Sales, or Deeds, for the ſame, than made by him, are invalid, and of none Effect in Law, of which the Public are hereby warned, to prevent Frauds, Treſpaſſes, *&c.*

The Sale will be made on the Premiſes when the Opinion of the ableſt Lawyers on the Continent, relative to the Right of Title, will be ſhewn to any Perſon inclined to bid for the ſame.

RICHARD SPRIGG, *Heir at Law*.

July 22, 1769.

THE Subſcriber being appointed by Mrs. *Philpot*, Executrix of *Brian Philpot*, deceaſed, to ſettle the Accounts and manage the Buſineſs of ſaid Deceaſed's Eſtate, will attend for that Purpoſe, at the Houſe of Mr. *William Paine*, near Mrs. *Philpot*'s, on the Wedneſday and Saturday of every Week, 'til the whole is finiſhed. All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, and thoſe that have any Demands, to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, that they may be adjuſted. Thoſe Gentlemen who have bought Lots, are in particular requeſted to call for their Deeds. There are a Number of very valuable Lots ſtill on Hand, that will be put up at Public Sale, on the Wedneſday and Thurſday of next *Auguſt* Court. Attendance will be given at *Jacob Myers*'s, by

(4w) JAMES KELSO.

*** There will be Three Months Credit given.

To be ſold, at PUBLIC SALE, *at the Houſe of* Joſeph Belt, *at* George-Town, *on Wedneſday the* 20*th Day of* September *next*,

FOUR Hundred Acres, Part of a Tract of Land, called *The Addition to Piles's Delight*, lying near *Little Monocoſay*, in *Frederick* County, about 30 Miles from *George-Town*, and about 15 Miles from *Frederick-Town*. The Soil is good for Tobacco, *Indian* Corn, and Wheat: It is well timbered and watered. The Title is indiſputable. Any Perſon inclinable to view the Land, may apply to Mr. *Leonard Weyman*, living near the Premiſes. Time will be given for the Whole, or any Part of the Purchaſe-Money, on giving Bond, with Security, if required, and paying Intereſt. It will be ſold altogether, or in Lots, to ſuit the Purchaſers.

JACOB SPRIGG.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Betſey, *Capt.* Hanrick, *from* London; *and to be Sold by* John Moale, *at his Store, near the public Wharf*, Baltimore-Town,

A COMPLEAT and large ASSORTMENT of Spring and Summer GOODS.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, an indented Servant, named JOHN BURRAGE, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the Weſt of *England*, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has ſhort black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surtout Coat, cut ſhort, Check Shirt, ſtriped Linen Trouſers, Caſtor Hat, and Country made Shoes.——Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and delivers him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

FRANCES KNAPP.

ALL thoſe who have any Claims againſt the Eſtate of Captain *Alexander Stewart*, late of *Baltimore-Town*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their reſpective Accounts duly proved, that they may be paid; and all ſuch as are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to ſettle ſpeedily with

SARAH STEWART, Adminiſtratrix.

THIS is to inform the Public, that the Subſcriber propoſes to carry on the Sailmakers Buſineſs in all its Branches, at the Warehouſe on Mr. *Middleton*'s Wharf, where Gentlemen, and others, who are pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done in the moſt complete Manner, by

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

N. B. He likewiſe makes Cots, Hammocks, and Sacking Bottoms for Bedſteads.

June 22, 1769.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away laſt Monday Night, from the Subſcriber, living in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.* MICHAEL HEWNE, or KEIRN, born in *Germany*, and is by Trade a Tailor; he is ſlim made, has a thin Viſage, dark Complexion, black Hair, and an old Sore on his Head, a little above his Temple: He ſo much repreſents a *French* Neutral, that he may very well paſs for one: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a blue Cloth Surtout Coat, with Mohair Buttons, a ſtriped red and white lappelled Jacket, of ſingle Grogram, a Pair of ribbed Worſted Stockings, a black Silk Handkerchief, a new Caſtor Hat, with Silk Loopings, and a good Pair of Shoes, with the Grain out.——

NATHANIEL POWELL, about 30 Years of Age, a ſlim made Fellow, thin Viſaged, dark Complexion, thick black curled Hair, which grows very low down his Back, is an *Engliſhman* born, talks much in the Weſt Country Dialect, and has a very down Look; he underſtands Plowing, Reaping, and Mowing, and is a nimble briſk Fellow: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, with a ſmall Cape, and Mohair Buttons, a Pair of Snuff coloured fine Cloth Breeches, half worn. As they have other Clothes, they may perhaps change their Dreſs. They have Money with them, and it is probable, they will change their Names, and forge Paſſes.

Whoever takes up ſaid Servants, and brings them home, if taken out of the Province, ſhall have a Reward of Ten Dollars; if in the Province, Six Dollars, for either, and for both, the above Reward, paid by

R. GRESHAM.

*** It is ſuppoſed they went off in a Canoe, and made down the Bay, from *Cheſter* River.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Iſabella, *Capt.* Spencer, *from* Briſtol, *and to be* SOLD, *by Wholeſale*,

A PARCEL of well aſſorted GOODS, about £. 1500 Sterling prime Coſt. For Terms apply to Mr. *John Brice, Annapolis*, Meſſrs. *Smyth* and *Sadler, Cheſter-Town*, or

(tf) JAMES CHESTON.

June 25, 1769.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of *Patuxent* River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; ſuch as fulling, dying and preſſing all Sorts of Clothes and Worſted Stuffs, ſcarlet and blue excepted, unleſs dyed before ſent to the Mill.—As the inſupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of ſmall Debts, from various diſtant Parts of the Country, muſt be obvious to every one; and as this expenſive Undertaking was begun and proſecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppreſſive Meaſures, lately adopted and purſued by the Mother-Country, render it indiſpenſably neceſſary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual ſhou'd manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors deſire the Money for fulling, &c. to be ſent by the Perſon who is to receive the Cloth, as it is abſolutely neceſſary to ſupport the Work.——All Perſons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finiſhed off in the beſt Manner, and with all poſſible Diſpatch; and to prevent Miſtakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requeſted to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) WILLIAM SCOTT.

To be ſold, at the Houſe of Richard Earle, *in* Alexandria, *on* Patowmack *River, on Monday the* 21*ſt Inſtant*,

THE valuable Tract of Land known by the Name of BRENTON, lying in *Prince-William* County, *Virginia*, containing about 7500 Acres. The Quality and Situation of this Land, and its being free of QUIT-RENTS, are ſtrong Recommendations to thoſe willing to purchaſe. The Land will be ſold in Parcels, as will beſt ſuit the Purchaſers at the Day of Sale, and Credit given for the greateſt Part of the Money, on Security, (if required) and Intereſt.——We think it proper to aſſure the Public, (as there has been ſome Diſappointments in the Sale of this Land) that it will certainly be diſpoſed of at the Time now mentioned, it being made over to the Subſcribers for certain Sums of Money they ſtand engaged for. The Sale will begin at 12 o'Clock.

WILLIAM BRENT,
(ts) DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZER.

Piſcataway, April 15, 1769.

To be SOLD, in large, or ſmall Quantities, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Frederick* County, between the Small and Large *Tonoloway* Creeks, containing about 3500 Acres, called CALEDONIA. Likewiſe one other Tract, adjoining, called HAWKINS's RICH LAND, containing about 450 Acres. The Soil is rich, and the Land as level as common, in that Part of the Country, is well watered, and has ſeveral ſmall Plantations on it.——The Purchaſer or Purchaſers, may have 3 or 4 Years Credit, on paying One Third of the Purchaſe-Money down, and giving Bond with Security, for the Remainder. For further Particulars apply to Mr. *Charles Beatty*, in *Frederick-Town*, or (tf) GEO. FRA^{s}. HAWKINS.

May 26, 1769.

THE Subſcribers are appointed a Committee of *Frederick* County Court, to inſpect the Public Records of the ſaid County, and Papers in the Clerk's Office, and, agreeable to Inſtructions, we do give this Public Notice, that we intend to meet at the Clerk's Office in *Frederick-Town* for this Purpoſe, on Monday the Fourth Day of *September* next, when all Perſons who apply, may have their Deeds and other Writings compared with the Records.

ANDREW HEUGH,
THOMAS PRICE,
ÆN^{s}. CAMPBELL,
THO^{s}. SPRIGG WOOTTON.

A
SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY

For raiſing SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, for compleating and finiſhing the REFORM'D CALVINIST CHURCH, and building a SCHOOL-HOUSE, in *Sharpſburg*, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*.——To conſiſt of Two Thouſand Tickets, at Two Dollars each: Five Hundred and Fifty-ſeven of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of	200	Dollars, is	200	Dollars.
2	- -	100	- - -	200	
3	- -	50	- - -	150	
4	- -	25	- - -	100	
20	- -	15	- - -	300	
50	- -	10	- - -	500	
475	- -	4	- - -	1900	
Prizes, 557		First drawn Blank,	-	25	
Blanks, 1443		Laſt drawn Blank,	-	25	
				600 Sterl'g.	

2000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 4000 Dollars.

By the above Scheme, there are little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per* Cent. on the whole.——The Drawing will begin at *Sharpſburg*, as ſoon as the Tickets are diſpoſed of, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at leaſt, to be given in the *Marlyand* Gazette) in Preſence of Five of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at fartheſt, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Meſſieurs *George Stricker, Chriſtian Orndorff, Joſeph Smith, William Good, Abraham Liegtfelder, John Stull, Michael Focklar, George Dagus*, and *Benjamin Spyker*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes to be publiſhed in the *Maryland* Gazette, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforeſaid, to be deemed as generouſly given for the Uſe intended, and applied accordingly.

The Value of Seven Shillings and Sixpence, in *Penſylvania* Currency, will be received in lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of Tickets, and the ſaid Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

*** TICKETS *to be had of any of the Managers, and at the* Printing-Office, *in* Annapolis.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.